OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The *CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.*

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1744. [N°. 60.]

THERE are certain Experiments by which it is eaſy to find out particular Diſeaſes: The *fear of Water*, called by Naturaliſts the *Hydrophobia*, is an infallible Proof of Madneſs in a Dog: And there are certain Affections and Antipathies which diſcover themſelves, and are ſymptomatic of almoſt every Diſeaſe incident to the animal Œconomy.

If we look into Civil Conſtitutions, we ſhall find the ſame Obſervation hold. There is not a political Ailment, to which Government is ſubject, that has not its Prognoſtic. *Profuſion* is the Symptom of *Rapaciouſneſs*, *Fear* of *Guilt*, *Corruption* of *Weakneſs*, and *Partiality* of *Miſmanagement*. But of all public Diſorders, the meaneſt, the loweſt, and the moſt unpardonable is, when a Miniſtry has upon them what the *Greeks* called the ἱστοριφοβεια, or the *Horror of Hiſtory:* This is a Prognoſtic of the very ſame Kind as the *Hydrophobia* is in Curs. It produces a *ſullen Snappiſhneſs* as ſoon as any part of the Hiſtory of paſt Times ſeems to reflect their own Images; and, what is ſtill more ridiculous, their own diſcovered Conſciouſneſs makes the Libel.

Plutarch, I think, tells a Story of a *Lacedemonian* who had killed his Father, and eſcaped Diſcovery: Some time after, being along with Company, he darted his Spear among ſome Swallows who were building their Neſts hard by. Being asked the Reaſon of that unaccountable Action, his Anſwer was, That *he fancy'd thoſe Swallows were reproaching him with his Father's Death.* The oddneſs of this Anſwer begot *Suſpicion*, *Diſcovery*, *Conviction* and *Puniſhment*.

The *Parricides of their Country* are equally allarmed at every ſpirited Paſſage of the Hiſtory of their own Country; they imagine *Matthew Paris* is preparing their Indictment, and they look upon *the Rolls of Parliament* as containing *the Articles of their Impeachment*. As ſoon as this *Horror* ſeizes them it may then fairly be pronounced, *That there's ſomething rotten in the State of Denmark.* It is a Prognoſtic of the worſt Kind. It is libelling the Conduct of the beſt and braveſt of our Anceſtors; it is reviling thoſe to whom we now owe our Liberties; it is introducing an *Index expurgatorius* into Hiſtory; and drawing a Veil before the moſt comely, the nobleſt, and the beſt part of the Conſtitution.

This is a Weakneſs to which no firm Government was ever ſubject. *Auguſtus Cæſar*, who was a Prince the moſt jealous of his Power of any we read of, gave one Day a noble Inſtance of the Greatneſs of his Mind, and the Soundneſs of his Politics: For when he ſurpriſed one of his Grand-Children reading the Life of *Cato*, he encouraged the Boy, who wanted to conceal the Book; bidding him read on, *for* Cato *was a brave Patriot and a good Man. Virgil* and *Horace*, who depended on the Countenance of this Prince and his Miniſter for their daily Bread, were not afraid to beſtow the ſtrongeſt Encomiums upon the Republican Virtues of the ſame Patriot, tho' it was upon the Ruin of thoſe Virtues that their Government was founded; and yet we have no Reaſon to believe that the two Poets were ever looked upon as diſaffected Perſons, or as being too much on the Side of the *Country Party*. At the ſame Time, I don't remember a Prince, in all Hiſtory, whoſe Reign, take it in the whole, was ſo long and proſperous; and whoſe Perſon was better beloved by his Subjects, notwithſtanding all the Exceptions to his Title.

Poſſeſs'd therefore, with the ſtrongeſt Conviction, that the ſimple Repreſentation from our beſt Authors of particular Paſſages of ancient Hiſtory can never be deemed undutiful, under a Government which owes its very Exiſtence to the noble Stand made by the Patriots of paſt Times againſt the Stretches of Power, I ſhall fearleſly throw myſelf into the Stream of our antient Annals, truſting to the Honeſty of my Intention, and to the Innocency of my Labours for upholding me from ſinking.

The Conqueſt of *England* by the *Normans* is one of the moſt intereſting, as well as the moſt ſtriking Parts of our Hiſtory.* Our old Hiſtorians ſeem to think that Heaven itſelf foretold it by a Comet, which appeared a little time before the Invaſion took place, as we find by the following Monkiſh Lines,

Anno Milleno, ſexageno quoque ſeno,
Anglorum *Metæ crinem ſenſere Cometæ.*

And indeed it is prodigious that a *Frenchman*, with a handful of *Normans* and Mercenaries, ſhould in one Day, win a Kingdom defended by one of our braveſt Princes, at the Head of a brave *Engliſh* Army, of which ſixty thouſand loſt their Lives in Defence of their King and Country. But the Succeſs of the *Normans* was owing to Cauſes antecedent to this Battle: And to find them out we muſt look back to the Reign of *Edward* the Confeſſor, who was Predeceſſor to *Harold* the King of *England* at the time of the *Norman* Invaſion.

The Crown of *England* was the free Gift of the People to *Edward*, who ſucceeded, notwithſtanding there were other Princes nearer than him to the Blood Royal. But theſe, their Principles and Education being diſagreeable to the *Engliſh*, remained in Baniſhment beyond Seas. *Edward*'s own Education was Foreign; and, fatally for *England*, he ever after retained a foreign Heart. But the *Engliſh*, upon his Acceſſion to the Crown, being ſenſible of the Biaſs which his Education might have given him in Favour of Foreigners, † *forbad*, ſays an Hiſtorian, an over great Train of *Foreigners, tho' coming to his Aid, to attend their new choſen King.*

But it was not in the Power of human Precaution, to root out Affections ſo firmly grounded in the Heart, as the Love which *Edward* had to Foreigners was. It was ſo exceſſive, and diſcovered itſelf upon ſo many unhappy Occaſions, that it made his whole Reign full of Diſquietude and Confuſion, and brought about the great Revolution which ſoon after happened in the Time of his Succeſſor. The two great Parties that prevailed in his Reign, were that of Earl *Godwin*, who was at the Head of the *Engliſh Party*, and the *Foreign Party*, which was headed by the King himſelf, ſupported by ſeveral great Men of the Nation; whoſe Attachment for the Royal Perſon and Family, would not ſuffer them to uſe that dutiful Violence to his Majeſty's Affections, which might have reconciled his Perſon and Government to the Hearts of his *Engliſh* Subjects.

The firſt remarkable Inſtance we meet with was, in the Caſe of one Count *Euſtace*, a Foreigner, who had treated ſome *Engliſhmen* with great Inſolence, encouraged, no doubt, by the Contempt which the King diſcovered for the Nation itſelf.* For when the Foreigners of his Train, with that Brutality ſo common to their Nation, came to force the *Engliſh* to give them their Quarters, the latter, upon ſome Difficulty they made, were aſſaulted by the foreign Interlopers, and one of them killed. The *Engliſh* Courage not brooking this Inſolence, took Fire, and a Skirmiſh enſued, in which the Foreigners were ſoundly drubb'd.

The King of *England*, who, as I ſaid, had a foreign Education, hearing of this, diſcovered at once the Violence of his own Temper, and the Ignorance of our Conſtitution. He ordered Earl *Godwin* to march againſt the *Engliſh*, and to put them to the Sword. But the Earl, ſays *William* of *Malmſbury*, perceiving that the King was impoſed upon thro' his Partiality to the Foreigners, and thinking that his Paſſion would ſoon be over, refuſed to obey his Command; † beholding, ſays the ſame Hiſtorian, with great Indignation, that Foreigners were every Day gaining Ground in the King's Favour, and being willing to perform ſome Service to his Countrymen. Mr. *Tyrrell* here remarks, *that, no doubt, the Earl was in the Right, and behaved himſelf like a true* Engliſhman, *in declining to execute the King's unjuſt Commands.* The Violence of the King not brooking this Inſtance of *Engliſh* Freedom, he raiſed a great Army, which might have proved fatal to the Liberties of *England*, had not the *Engliſh* Party ſtood reſolutely in their own Defence; ‡ *though*, ſays an old Annaliſt, *it ſeemed a hard thing for them to act any thing againſt their natural Lord.*

An Expreſſion which has dropt from an *Engliſh* Writer on this Occaſion, ſhows how *conſtitutional*, nay how *reſpectful* this Oppoſition was to the Royal Perſon and Family. For ‖ the Head of the *Engliſh* Party proclaimed to his Army by ſound of Trumpet, that they were not to act offenſively againſt his Majeſty, but only to defend themſelves from being cut to Pieces if they were attacked. His Majeſty perceiving this ſtaid Reſolution in his *Engliſh* Subjects, came at firſt to a Treaty, but ſoon after, finding himſelf at the Head of a great Army, flew off, and abſolutely refuſed to give up his Foreigners to *Engliſh* Juſtice. I ſhall not trouble my Reader with the Hiſtory of all that immediately ſucceeded: It is ſufficient to inform him, that the dutiful Behaviour of *Godwin* had no other Effect than to ſwell the Inſolence of the foreign Faction, and rather than make *England* a Scene of Blood and Confuſion, he ſubmitted to leave that Country, where he could not live without ſeeing her Conſtitution violated, and the Affections of her Lord poſſeſs'd by a worthleſs Rival.

Godwin and his Sons being thus deprived of the Protection of their Country, ſubſiſted for ſome time by making Repriſals upon the Sea Coaſts, having got a large Fleet of *Engliſh* Ships to follow

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* Hoveden *Annal.*

† Speed, *P.* 394.

* *Unus antecurſorum ejus ferocius agens cum cive, & vult nere magis, quam prece aut pretio hoſpitium exigens.* William of Malmſbury, Fol. 45

† *Et quod omnes alienigenas apud Regis gratiam invaleſcere invideret, & quod compatriotis amicitiam præſtare vellet*——Godwino *parvi pendente Regis furorem quaſi Momentaneum.* Ibid.

‡ Tyrrell, *P.* 77, *Vol.* I.

‖ Godwinus *ad conjuratos Claſſicum cecinit, ut ultro domino Regi non reſiſterent; ſed ſi conventi fuiſſent, quin ſe cicerentur loco non cederent.* Ibid.

[illegible] Practices. From * *all these Transactions*, says Mr. Tyrrell, *we may draw these Observations*, [illegible] *Contest between the King and Earl Godwin, seems to have been chiefly from the two different Interests, that of the* Normans, *whom the* [illegible] *with Him, and that of his* English, *and which happening under a weak* [illegible] *King, that had neither the Prudence nor* [illegible] *to guide the Pallions even, it produc'd this* [illegible] *made by Earl* Godwin *and his* [illegible]

[illegible] however, at last, prevailed; the King [illegible] to re-admit *Godwin* and his [illegible] into his Councils. But the latter re-[illegible] to give up the Interests of their Country; they thought it shameful to abandon the People who had trusted to them for Protection against the [illegible] Partiality to Foreigners; and notwithstanding the great Regard which the Nation had to his Person and Family; notwithstanding the struggle of Affection in the King's Breast, he was obliged, with great Reluctance, to consent to the Banishment of all Foreigners from about his Person. A few indeed, the most inoffensive, were suffer'd to stay in the Kingdom. But tho' the *English* were thus successful, it is agreed upon by all Writers, that this King's Partiality in Favour of Foreigners, was the Foundation of that great Revolution which happen'd very soon after. *By this Means the Fire*, says Mr. *Milton*, *exasperating other Na-* [illegible] *the other, and making way by De-* [illegible] *Conquest.* As a Proof of the [illegible] of this Conduct we learn, that at [illegible] Battle of *Hastings*, wherein *Harold*, [illegible] greatest Princes that ever sat on the [illegible] Throne, left both his Life and his Crown, [illegible] abandoned by some of the great Men of *England*, who, no doubt, had been debauched into the foreign Interest, by the encouragement it had met with in the preceding Reign.

I shall conclude this Paper by laying before the Reader the Reflection which the great Mr. *Milton* thought proper for his Days: But how improper it is for ours I need not point out. *As*, says he, *the Long Suffering of God permits bad Men to enjoy prosperous Days with the Good, so his Severity oft-times exempts not good Men from their Share in evil Times with the bad. If these were the Causes of such Misery and Thraldom to those our Ancestors, with what better Close can this be concluded, than here in fit Season, to remember this Age in the midst of her Security, to fear from like Vices, without Amendment, the Revolution of like Calamities.*

* *Vol.* I. *P.* 81.

This Day is publish'd,
(*Price 6 d. and to be continued Weekly*)
NUMB. V. *of*
A NEW GENERAL
HISTORY of *ENGLAND*,
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The Invasion of JULIUS CÆSAR to the Death of King GEORGE I.
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This Number contains a cursory Account of King *Lucius*, from the Testimony of several Authors of greatest Note; the Situation of the *Roman* Affairs, under different Emperors and petty Tyrants; the Invasion, and almost general Slaughter of the *Franks*; *Britain* divided from, re-united to the *Roman* Empire, and afterwards divided into four Parts.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Genoa, March 7. A Genoese Sailor who was on board an English Ship of 70 Guns, arriv'd here three Days since, and assur'd upon Oath, that the said Ship and three others of the same Force were sunk in the late Sea-Fight, and that he sav'd himself upon a Plank, and was taken up by some Fishermen on the Coast: Yet we don't doubt but the English had the best of that Battle.

Genoa, March 12. A Vessel belonging to this Port is just arriv'd here from Alicant; the Master of her reports, that the French Squadron, consisting of 23 Sail, came to an Anchor there the 27th of last Month in the Evening; that the next Day he went on board the French Admiral, who desir'd him to acquaint the Spanish Squadron with his Arrival at Alicant, in case he should fall in with them. The Master of this Vessel adds, that he heard that all the Spanish Men of War had engag'd with the English in the late Fight, but were seconded by no more than six French Ships.

The last Advices from Nice say, that the King of Sardinia was expected there every Day; and that the Van-Guard of the Infant Don Philip's Army was arriv'd at Falenzo, which is less than two Days march from Nice.

The Master of a French Ship just arriv'd from the Coast of Catalonia says, that he sail'd several Days in Company with a Convoy of 16 Spanish Vessels laden with Artillery and warlike Stores for the Infant Don Philip's Army, and that another Convoy was getting ready at Palamos.

HOLLAND.

Amsterdam, March 25. We hear from Gibraltar, that the Moors have form'd a Camp in the Neighbourhood of Ceuta, with an Intent to lay Siege to the Town, being seconded at Sea by 14 Saicks, each of which carries about 100 Men.

Hague, March 26. We hear from Paris, that the Prince Campo Florido, Embassador from Spain, has demanded of the French Ministry, in the Name of his Catholick Majesty, a Sight of M. de Court's Instructions; but the Public knows nothing of the Answer that was given his Excellency.

Letters from Barcelona of the 8th Instant don't mention one Word of the Battle in the Mediterranean; so that it seems none of the Spanish Squadron have put into that Port.

We hear from Amsterdam, that the Admiralty of that City have put eight Men of War in Commission, viz. one of 74 Guns, one of 64, four of 54, and two of 44 Guns each.

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——— *Miserum Fortuna Sinonem*
Finxit, Vanum, etiam Mendacemque Improba finxit.

— *Abandon'd Fellows never value the Shame of being detected, provided they think the Lye will be of some Service to them for a Day, or even for an Hour.*

Answer to the Remarks upon the *Craftman*'s Vindication, *Page* 42.

Printed for J. Robinson, at the Golden Lyon in Ludgate street.

LONDON.

Whitehall, March 17. The following authentic Information concerning the Proceedings of the French at Dunkirk, from the 19th of February to the 1st of March, O. S. has been receiv'd.

That on Sunday the 19th of February, a considerable Number of Soldiers embark'd on board twenty Bilanders and twenty Fishing Boats, lying in the Harbour of Dunkirk, in order to put on board the Transports in Dunkirk Road, amounting in the whole to about 4600 Men: That the same Evening about forty Carriages, with Cannon of different Sizes, Ammunition, &c. passed thro' the Town down to the Key: That on Tuesday the 21st, several French Officers were busy about exchanging their French Money for English, declaring they expected to be in England on the Friday or Saturday following at farthest: That four French Men of War and a Frigate came that Day, being the 21st of February, into Dunkirk Road: That on Wednesday, February 22, a great Number of Muskets, (said to be 20,000) were put on board a Transport Ship in the Harbour, which, as several Officers said, were intended for the English that should join them: That a large Quantity of Bridles and Saddles were also embark'd: That it was talk'd among the Officers, that some French Men of War were gone towards the West of England, in order to draw the English Fleet from the Downs, which if they could do, the Transports, with the Troops from Dunkirk, would then go up the Thames; but that if the English Fleet remain'd in the Downs, the French Troops would then land either at Dungeness in Kent, or at Pevensey-Bay in Sussex: That on Friday, Feb. 24, near 7000 Men were put on board the Transports; and that it was reported, that the Embarkation was to consist of 16,000 Men: That on Saturday the 25th of February, there having been a violent Storm of Wind, towards Break of Day five Transport-Ships, a Dogger, and three Bilanders, were driven on Shore on the Sands: That the French acknowledged that 5 or 600 Soldiers were drowned; that two Bilanders, with Soldiers, sunk, and all the Men were drowned: That on Tuesday the 28th of February, the Wind changed and blew very hard, and a large Transport-Ship was driven on shore, and several others made Signals of Distress.

Sunday an Account came to the War-Office, that 3000 of the Dutch Forces were arriv'd at Gravesend from Holland: they are to land at Tilbury-Fort, and are to be quarter'd in the County of Essex.

Sir Charles Hardy and Admiral Martin, with the Squadron under their Command, are arriv'd safe at St. Helen's from the Downs.

The Fleet of Storeships and Victuallers, now at Portsmouth, for Gibraltar and Port-mahone, will sail in a few Days under a very strong Convoy.

Letters from Boston in New England advise, that two Privateers belonging to St. Kit's, having taken a Spanish Settee with a very valuable Cargo, and a French Ship, which had on board 40,000 Pieces of Eight.

Col. Dijon, of the first Regiment of Foot-Guards, is appointed Colonel of the Regiment of Swiss, who enter'd themselves lately to serve here in Case they are wanted.

Friday 7-Night the Lords of the Admiralty were pleas'd to appoint Capt. Geary, late of the Squirrel Man of War, to be Commander of the Chester, of fifty Guns.

There happen'd last Monday Fortnight at Huthersfield in Yorkshire a most terrible Flood, which threaten'd Destruction to the Town; it drove down the Bridge and most of the Dams above the Town. A Fisherman in the midst of the Danger, looking on with great Calmness, utter'd himself in this Laconick Manner, *Salmon will now get up.*

There has been discovered in the same Town the Foundations of a Roman Temple: There are several beautiful Roman Bricks, and an Altar entire, with a kind of Patera at the Top, on one Side a Cornucopia, and on the other an augural Staff; it is dedicated to the Goddess Fortune by one Antonius Modestus or Modestinus, for there are only the two first Syllables of the sixth conquering Legion.

Great Numbers of People daily resort to see the Military Machines of the Antients, which are exhibited at the Royal Exchange, to whom they give general Satisfaction, as they convey to us a just and clear Idea of what the Originals were, and seem to reconcile several doutful Passages in History, which have been looked on as fabulous.

Monday Morning died of the Gout in his Stomach, at his House in Deptford, Mr. French, a Ship-Builder of great Business, reputed worth 10,000 l.

They write from Edinburgh, that a Whale near 50 Foot long is come ashore at Esdale, on the West Coast of Scotland.

They write from Antigua of the 27th of January, that his Majesty's Ship the Ludlow-Castle had been survey'd, and 'twas thought would be condemn'd.

On Thursday 7-Night was seiz'd in a Wood near Adisham in Kent, 26 Bags of Tea, containing near 700 lb. Weight, and carry'd to the King's Warehouse in Canterbury by Mr. William Eades and Mr. Durant, Riding Officers of his Majesty's Customs.

Last Saturday in the Afternoon a Hamper was observ'd floating in the River, near Horsleydown-Stairs, by some Watermen, who tow'd it to the Shore, and upon opening it found a Human Body in it, with one of its Arms cut off, its Back broke, and a large Contusion in the Head.

Last Week was committed to Newgate in Bristol, one John Webb, a Ship Carpenter, for the Murder of his Wife, on Friday the 9th Instant. Her Body was found behind Temple Church, and divers Marks of Violence on it. The Coroner's Inquest having sat on the Body, brought in their Verdict *Wilful Murder*; and 'tis said the strongest Circumstances will appear at his Trial.

On Saturday Evening last two Rogues took an Opportunity to get into the House of Mr. Reily, a Taylor, in Broad street near Carnaby-Market, and got together a Parcel of Cloaths, and a Piece of Velvet, and were just moving off with their Booty, when Mr. Reiley's Foreman happen'd to come to the Door, and seiz'd one of them, but the other made his Escape; the Fellow seiz'd was soon after put into a Coach in order to be carried before a Justice of the Peace; but at the End of Poland-street the Coach was stopt by a Gang of Villains, (suppos'd to be got together by the Fellow that ran away) who cut the Harness, wounded the Persons who had him in Custody, and carried him off in Triumph.

Monday Morning Mr. Lord, a Distiller in Horsley-down, was attack'd by a single Highwayman, poorly mounted, near Sydenham, who robb'd him of nine Guineas and then made off, which oblig'd him to return to Town for a fresh Supply of Money to enable him to pursue his Journey.

The Patience, Bowles, from Poole for Genoa and Leghorn, is taken and carried into St. Sebastian's.

Wednesday the Duke of Newcastle sent for the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and Representatives of this City, and acquainted them that an Express was arriv'd from Mr. Thompson, our Ambassador at Paris, with an Account that he the said Ambassador was sent for by M. Amelot to Versailles, who acquainted him in the Name of the King his Master, that Things were come to such a pass that a Declaration of War must soon ensue on their Part; upon which Mr. Thompson replied, that his Nation was thoroughly prepared to take the proper Measures. And last Night Sir William Calvert and Sir Robert Ladbrooke, by Order of his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, acquainted the Merchants and Traders therewith, that they may act accordingly.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Lindsay, Montague Blomer, and John Whitwell, Esqs. to be Captains in his Majesty's Third Regiment of Foot-Guards, commanded by the Right Hon. John Earl of Dunmore, in the room of Col. Buchan, Capt. Lovell, and Capt. Paulet.

BANKRUPTS.

Thomas Grundy, of London, Merchant.

John Hawksby, of the Devizes in Wiltshire, Linnen-draper, Staymaker, and Chapman.

Robert Knight, of Durham-Yard in the Strand, Taylor.

William Chamberlaine, late of Marlborough in Wiltshire, Malster and Chapman.

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Hostem, an me an vos ignorat? Liv.

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'Of him who strives with Fortune to be just?
'The graceful Tear that streams for other's Woes?
'Or the mild Majesty of Private Life,
'Where Peace, with ever-blooming Olives, crowns
'The Gate? where Honour's Liberal Hands effuse
'Unenvy'd Treasures, and the snowy Wings
'Of Innocence and Love protect the Scene?
'O fair Benevolence of gen'rous Minds!
'O Man by Nature form'd for all Mankind——
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Je Maintiendrai.

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Ne quid ſit expertum in noſtris maxime rebus ipſa eventa.

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An infallible and inſtant Cure for DEAFNESS,

The DEAFNESS *with* RINGING, PAIN, *or* NOISE *in the* EARS, &c.

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WHICH in a few Days excel all other Medicines ever offered to the Publick [illegible] in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafneſs [illegible] never ſo hard, or of ever ſo long Standing, and all Ringing and Noiſe in the Ears, almoſt at once, and the effect is rather inconceivable, and without Trouble or Confinement, as many Thouſands have experienced.

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Perſons who were not able to hear a Drum when beat cloſe by [illegible] immediately de'pair'd of being ever reliev'd, have been immediately and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, they may abſolutely be depended upon for the direct and certain Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever, but the great Illness and Reputation they have deſervedly purchaſed moſt Years paſt, have occaſioned (as uſual in ſuch Caſes) many counterfeit ones Abroad. Beware therefore of ſuch Impoſitions. Theſe Chymical and only true Speciſick Drops being by Command of Majeſty ſold only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

For the immediate CURE *of* BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *that of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever,*

And alſo of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occaſion'd, or of ever ſo long Standing,*

By the Uncommon and Inimitable PROLIFICK ELIXIR.

The higheſt, moſt ſure and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenneſs in Women [illegible] in the Univerſe, and which at once accomplishes it without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have failed, as Thouſands have experienced, and that by promoting the Chymical Circle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſplendid, opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, entirely cleanſing the Womb, Ovaria, &c. and by a gentle Bloom, and evidently refreſhing the cruſty Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſurpriſingly it reinvigorates, returns and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It enforces a bright lively Diſpoſition, baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Numbers of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurable Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by raſh living or otherwiſe, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtores all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Diſgeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution, of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

To SMELL *to, &c.*

THE moſt noble volatile Smelling-Bottle in the World, lately much improv'd, which Uſed'd to, inſtantly relieves Perſons in the moſt dismal Fainting or Swooning Fits, and in a Moment removes Flutterings, Vapours, Dulneſs, Headachs, Giddineſs, &c. it takes off all heavy Sleepineſs, retards Swooning, keeps up the Spirits to a Miracle, and by its Uſe admits of no Faintings, but invigorates and enlivens the whole Man, recreates and makes chearful, altho' never ſo ſad, and in a Moment revives all the ſenſitive Faculties.

It is to be taken inwardly by Drops, which effectually takes off and eradicates the very Cauſe, for it potently relieves, exhilarates and ſtrengthens the Brain, creates and corroborates the Stomach, removes Sickneſs from it, helps Digeſtion, cleanſes the Blood, and, in a Word, is the greateſt Cephalick, Stomachick, Hyſterick, and powerful Aromatick poſſible.

Whereas many Perſons of both Sexes perfume their Handkerchiefs with a few Drops of it, and find that in uſing it to, it is of ſingular Service in all the Caſes abovementioned; and many Gentlemen, Ladies and others uſe it after this Manner, chiefly becauſe it gives a moſt fragrant and delicious Odour, that conſtantly both delights and relieves the Senſes, not only better than any thing of a muſky kind, which is really hurtful to moſt Conſtitutions, but it really takes off what ſuch Things do occaſion, and alſo relieves the Head and Brain from any ill Effects of common Snuff, and inſtantly diverts from, and prevents the bad Conſequences of any ſudden, nauſeous offenſive Smells, therefore is extremely neceſſary for all Gentlemen, Ladies, &c. always to be carry'd in their Pockets.

Sold only at Mr. Markham's Great Toyſhop, at the Seven Stars, now (ſince he is remov'd) directly over againſt St Dunſtan's Church in Fleet ſtreet, and at Mr King's Picture Shop in the Poultry, near the Royal-Exchange, at 2 s. 6 d. each.

ANTISYPHILICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Antiſyphilicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value, and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Aſk only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

The Royal BEAUTIFYING FLUID;

SO exceedingly valued by the Ladies of Quality, and all who have uſed it, for its tranſcendent Excellency in beautifying the Face, Neck and Hands to the moſt exquiſite Perfection poſſible, is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toy-ſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpreſſible fine Aire to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a ſurprizing handſomeneſs to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceeding ſmooth, fine and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can ſooner or more certainly take away all diſagreeable Redneſs, Spots, Pimples, Heats, Roughneſs, Morphew, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small pox, Sunburn or any other Diſcolouring, nor remove all Wrincles ſo perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become ſo incomparable fine, clear, plump, ſoft and beautifully fair as to cauſe Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a moſt engaging reſplendent Brightneſs to the whole Countenance, and cauſes ſparkling Life, Spirit, and juvenile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing of Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck or Hands, and tho' brown, red or rough, to a natural youthful Fairneſs, Smoothneſs and moſt charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; neither is this Royal Beautifier prepared from the leaſt Particle of Mercury, or any thing Metaline, but is perfectly Harmleſs, and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has alſo a pleaſant Scent, will not ſoil the fineſt Lawn, and is very agreeable to uſe.

But theſe its admirable Properties, by which it vaſtly exceeds any thing whatever for the like Purpoſe, have occaſion'd many to imitate it under various other Names, beware therefore of ſuch impoſitions; the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given ſuch univerſal Satisfaction to ſo many Ladies of Diſtinction, being only to be had at Mr. *Radford's* Toyſhop above-mentioned at 3 s. 6 d a Bottle, with Directions, and no where elſe in England.

The moſt Noble ELIXIR

For Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Men, and the* Hyſterick Diſeaſe, *or* Vapors *in Women,*

IN three Days Time, demonſtrates to every one who takes it, that it is abſolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of thoſe perplexing Indiſpoſitions, even in their higheſt and moſt grievous Degree, where nothing but Horror reigns, where Reaſoning is interrupted or depraved, and where the Mind is confuſed with terrible Perturbations, Anxieties, and Deſpondency even to Diſtraction, and the Body afflicted with almoſt innumerable Ailments.

It's ſurprizing to ſee how ſoon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR (even a few Doſes of it only) entirely cures all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new train of chearful and pleaſant Ideas, inſtead of thoſe deep and black thoughts, thoſe direful Apprehenſions that ſo tenaciouſly dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Underſtanding, and deſtroyed all notion of ever receiving Comfort again; for it occaſions a flow of undiſturbed Spirits, and cauſes bright gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chaſe away the wholeload of depreſſed and melancholy Imaginations ſo effectually, that the Patients are ſuddenly reliev'd both in Body and Mind, and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits ſteady, ſerene and gay Thoughts, ſtand as much amazed that they could be chain'd down to ſuch a diſmal way of Thinking, ſuch dreadful Fears, and dark Incumbrances, as before, they were hopeleſs of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this moſt Noble Elixir, in ſo ſuddenly and infallibly curing *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Hyſterick Diſeaſe*, or *Vapours* in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitleſs, is inexpreſſible, as the vaſt Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmoſt Satisfaction declare.

It occaſions no manner of Diſorder, is pleaſant to take, a few Drops of it are a Doſe, and is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The RHEUMATISM.

WITH which ſo many Perſons are moſt grievouſly afflicted, and for which, various Methods, as Bleeding, Purging, Sweating, Bliſtering, &c have been undergone, and Abundance of nauſeous Medicines have been taken, without Effect, may yet be ſafely and perfectly cur'd in a few Days by the only true Chymical Speciſick, the *Grand Anti Rheumatick Elixir*, which occaſions no Confinement, nor gives any Trouble, but is agreeable to take, a few Drops only for a Doſe, cordial to the Stomach, and ſtrengthening to the Nerves; eminently reviving and increaſing the Spirits, enlivening all the Animal Faculties, and by attenuating the Blood and Juices, reſtoring a regular Circulation through the minuteſt Canals, and freeing them from obſtructing Viſcidities; takes off all Manner of Pain almoſt on the Spot, and pleaſantly and moſt certainly cures the moſt torturing Rheumatiſm, and all Rheumatick Pains in the Limbs, &c. whether fix'd or wandering, in a moſt ſurprizing Manner, without the leaſt Fatigue or Diſorder.

What is here ſaid, of this great Medicine, is no Quack Romance but literally and ſtrictly true, as vaſt Numbers have experienced, and of which any one may be ſatisfied at the Place where only it is to be had, namely, at the Gentlewoman at the Sign of the Crown, over againſt the Church in Coleman ſtreet, near Cheapſide, London, at three Shillings and Sixpence a Bottle, ſeal'd up with printed Directions at large.

The uncommon Succeſs, of above forty Years laſt paſt, of the ſo much fam'd and only true original

Royal Chymical WASH BALL.

For beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands; hath induced many envious Perſons, not only in every Part of London, but in many Places in the Country, to ſell a counterfeit white Ball, (which may prove prejudicial as well as ineffectual) in Imitation of the true ones.

To prevent, as much as poſſible, any Miſtakes in Prejudice to our Cuſtomers, we give this ſpecial Notice, That the true Sort are now ſold only at Mrs. Wharton's Toy ſhop, the Blue-coat Boy near the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, and by Mrs. Stephens (was Dunn) a Milliner, at the Blue Ball near the Inner-Temple Gate in Fleet ſtreet, Price 1 s. each Ball, or 13 to the Dozen; but no Allowance for leſs than 12 Balls at a Time, nor will they ever be ſold any where elſe, except Notice be firſt given in theſe Advertiſements of it.

Their true and real Virtues have been ſufficiently atteſted in all the Years that they have been ſold by Publication, and the more ſo, as they are ſtill more than ever uſed and admir'd by both Sexes of the beſt Quality, and many Thouſands of Gentry and others, for making the Skin ſo delicately ſoft and ſmooth, as not to be paralleld by any Waſh or Waſh-balls &c. of any Kind or Form; for theſe Ball's are indeed real Beautifiers of the Skin, by taking off all Deformities, as Tetters, Ring-worms, Morphew, Sun burn, Scurf, Pimples, Pits or Redneſs of the Small Pox, and keeping it of a laſting and extream Whiteneſs; they ſoon alter red or rough Hands, are admirable in ſhaving the Head, not only giving a moſt exquiſite Sharpneſs to the Razor, but ſo comfort the Brain and Nerves, as to prevent catching Cold. They are of a grateful and pleaſant Scent, without the leaſt Grain of Mercury, and may be eaten for their Safety.

This Day is publiſh'd,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phiſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

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